Page No.

Figure 1.1. A perovskite unit cell showing the off-centered titanium ion [Park &	
Shrout <i>et al.</i> (1997)].	7
Figure 1.2. Atomic structure of SrTiO <sub>3</sub> a RT. [Marques (2009)].	9
Figure 1.3. Atomic arrangements for the <100>, <110> and <111> axial direction	
in SrTiO <sub>3</sub> [Groot et al. (1989)].	10
Figure 1.4. Schematic of the perovskite structure of BaTiO <sub>3</sub> (A) Cubic lattice	
(above Curie temperature, 120°C) (B) Tetragonal lattice (below Curie temperature,	
120°C) [D. W.Richerson, 1992].	13
Figure 1.5. Reversal in the direction of spontaneous polarization in $BaTiO_3$ by	
reversal of the direction of the applied field [Richerson (1992)].	14
Figure 1.6. Crystal structure of CCTO compound [Subramanian et al. (2000)].	16
Figure 1.7. Crystal structure of BCTO [Deng et al. (2017)].	18
Figure 1.8. Polarized dielectric material [Seo et al. (2013)].	27
Figure1.9. Typical response of the total polarizability of a crystal as a function of	
electric field Frequency [Singh et al. (2014)].	30
Figure 1.10. Types of polarization mechanisms [Richerson, (1992), Rose et al.,	
(1971)].	32
Figure 1.11. Simulated impedance spectroscopy (IS) data for two RC elements	
connected in series, presented in different formats: (a) Z" $[\Omega]$ vs frequency (f), (b)	
Z'' [ $\Omega$ ] vs Z' [ $\Omega$ ] and (c) C' [Farad] vs frequency (f) Simulations were carried out	
with $R_{Gb} = 10 \text{ M}\Omega$ , $R_b = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ , $C_{Gb} = 10 \text{ pF}$ and $C_b = 1 \text{ pF}$ .	38

Figure 1.12. Types of Magnatism.	41
Figure 1.13. Flow chart of Magnetism.	43
Figure 1.14. Ferromagnetic and Super paramagnetic.	48
Figure 2.1. Flow chart for the synthesis of materials by solid state route.	55
Figure 2.2. Powder XRD instrument, Rigaku Miniflex 600(Japan)	57
Figure 2.3. Braggs law of diffraction.	58
Figure 3.1. X-ray powder diffraction patterns of BTC nanocomposite sintered at	
950 °C for (a) 3 h (b) 6 h (c) 9 h and (d) 12 h.	69
Figure 3.2. (a) Bright field TEM images and (b) SEAD pattern of BTC	
nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h.	71
<b>Figure 3.3.</b> SEM micrographs of BTC nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for (a) 3 h	
(b) 6 h (c) 9 h and (d) 12 h.	72
<b>Figure 3.4.</b> AFM images of BTC nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h (a) 2	
dimensional (b) 3D structure (c) depth histogram (d) bar diagram of particles size.	73
Figure 3.5. (a) Plots of the dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$ ) versus temperature and (b) tan $\delta$	
versus temperature at 1 kHz for sintered at 950 °C for 3 h, 6 h, 9 h, 12 h.	75
Figure 3.6. (a) Plots of the dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$ ) versus frequency and (b) tan $\delta$	
versus frequency at 50 °C for BTC nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 3 h, 6 h, 9	
h and 12 h.	77
Figure 3.7. Plot of the AC conductivity vs. frequency at a temperature of 50 °C for	
BTC nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 3 h, 6 h, 9 h, and 12 h.	79
Figure 4.1 X-ray powder diffraction pattern of a CC-BT nanocomposite sintered at	
950 °C for 12 h.	85

Figure 4.2. (a) Bright field TEM images, (b) SEAD pattern of a CC-BT	
nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h.	86
Figure 4.3. SEM image of a CC-BT nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h.	87
Figure 4.4. AFM images of CC-BT nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h, (a)	
2 dimensional, (b) 3D Structure, (c) bar diagram of particles size, (d) depth	
histogram.	88
<b>Figure 4.5.</b> (a) Variation of the dielectric constant ( $\epsilon'$ ), (b) dielectric loss (tan $\delta$ )	
with temperature for the CC-BT nanocomposite at a few selected frequencies.	89
<b>Figure 4.6.</b> (a) Variation of dielectric constant ( $\epsilon$ '), (b) dielectric loss (tan $\delta$ ) with	
frequency for the CC-BT nanocomposite at a few selected temperatures.	91
Figure 4.7. Impedance plane plots Z' vs. frequency at a few selected temperatures of	
a CC-BT nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h.	92
<b>Figure 4.8.</b> Impedance plane plots ( $Z'$ vs. $Z''$ ) at a few selected temperatures of a	
CC-BT nanocomposite sintered at 950 °C for 12 h.	93
Figure 5.1. X-ray powder diffraction patterns of BT-BCT 5 nanocomposite sintered	
at 870 °C for (a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	100
Figure 5.2. (a) Bright field TEM images and (b) SEAD pattern of BT-BCT 5	
nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for 12 h.	101
Figure 5.3. SEM micrographs of BT-BCT 5 nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for	
(a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	102
Figure 5.4. AFM images of BT-BCT 5 nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for 12 h	
(a) 2 dimensional (b) 3D structure (c) depth histogram (d) bar diagram of particles	
size.	103

<b>Figure 5.5.</b> Plots of the dielectric constant $(\varepsilon_r)$ versus temperature (T) of BT-BCT 5	
nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for (a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	104
<b>Figure 5.6.</b> Plots of dielectric loss (tan $\delta$ ) versus Temperature (T) of BT-BCT 5	
nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for (a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	106
<b>Figure 5.7.</b> Plots of dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$ ) versus Frequency of BT-BCT	
nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for (a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	106
<b>Figure 5.8.</b> Plots of dielectric loss (tan $\delta$ ) versus Frequency of BT-BCT 5	
nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for (a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	108
Figure 6.1. X-ray powder diffraction pattern of a BC-BT nanocomposite sintered	
at 870 °C for (a) 4 h (b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	115
Figure 6.2(a) Bright field TEM images and (b) SEAD pattern of a BC-BT	
nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for 12 h.	116
Figure 6.3. SEM image of a BC-BT nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for (a) 4 h	
(b) 8 h (c) 12 h and (d) 16 h.	117
<b>Figure 6.4.</b> AFM images of BC-BT nanocomposite sintered at 870 °C for 12 h (a) 2	
dimensional (b) 3D Structure (c) bar diagram of particles size (d) depth histogram.	119
Figure 6.5. (a) Temperature-dependent zero field cooled (ZFC) and field cooled	
(FC)magnetization measured at H=100 Oe, (b) magnetization (M) versus applied	
field (H) for the BC-BT composite ceramic.	121

Figure 6.6. (a) Variation of the dielectric constant ( $\epsilon$ ') and (b) tan $\delta$ with	
temperature of BC-BT nanocomposite at 1 kHz for sintered at 870 °C for 4 h, 8 h,	
12 h and 16 h.	123
<b>Figure 6.7.</b> (a) Variation of the dielectric constant ( $\epsilon$ ') and (b) tan $\delta$ with frequency	
of BC-BT nanocomposite at 50 °C for sintered at 870 °C for 4 h, 8 h, 12 h and 16 h.	124
<b>Figure 6.8.</b> Plot of AC conductivity ( $\sigma_{AC}$ ) vs. frequency at selected durations of	
BC-BT nanocomposite at 50 °C for sintered at 870 °C for 12 h.	126
Figure 6.9. Impedance plane plots (Z' vs. Z") and inset shows the expanded view	
of impedance plane plots (Z' vs. Z") of the 12 h sintered close to the origin of BC-	
BT nanocomposite sintered sat 870 °C for 4 h, 8 h, 12 h and 16 h at 50 °C.	128